{deleted text} shows text that was in SB0243 but was deleted in SB0243S01.

inserted text shows text that was not in SB0243 but was inserted into SB0243S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

**PARENT-TIME** ator Todd D. Weiler proposes the following substitute bill:

#### PARENT-TIME AMENDMENTS

2022 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Todd D. Weiler** 

House Sp	onsor:
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#### **LONG TITLE**

#### **General Description:**

This bill amends provisions related to <del>{parent-time} parent-time</del> schedules.

#### **Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- defines terms;
- ► modifies and clarifies <del>{parent-time} parent-time</del> schedules; and
- makes technical and conforming changes.

#### Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

#### **Other Special Clauses:**

None

#### **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

#### AMENDS:

**30-3-32**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 188 REPEALS AND REENACTS:

**30-3-35**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 50

**30-3-35.1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 188

**30-3-35.5**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 120

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 

Section 1. Section **30-3-32** is amended to read:

# 30-3-32. Parent-time -- Definitions -- Considerations for parent-time -- Relocation.

- [(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to promote parent-time at a level consistent with all parties' interests.]
  - (1) As used in Sections 30-3-32 through 30-3-37:
  - (a) "Child" means the child of divorcing, separating, or adjudicated parents.
- (b) "Supervised parent-time" means parent-time that requires the noncustodial parent to be accompanied during parent-time by an individual approved by the court.
  - (c) "Surrogate care" means care by any individual other than the parent of the child.
- (d) "Uninterrupted time" means parent-time exercised by one parent without interruption at any time by the presence of the other parent.
- (e) "Virtual parent-time" means parent-time facilitated by tools such as telephone, email, instant messaging, video conferencing, and other wired or wireless technologies over the Internet or other communication media, to supplement in-person visits between a noncustodial parent and a child or between a child and the custodial parent when the child is staying with the noncustodial parent.
- (2) (a) A court shall consider as primary the safety and well-being of the child and the parent who experiences domestic or family violence.
- (b) Absent a showing by a preponderance of evidence of real harm or substantiated potential harm to the child:
- (i) it is in the best interests of the child of divorcing, divorced, or adjudicated parents to have frequent, meaningful, and continuing access to each parent following separation or

divorce;

- (ii) each divorcing, separating, or adjudicated parent is entitled to and responsible for frequent, meaningful, and continuing access with the parent's child consistent with the child's best interests; and
- (iii) it is in the best interests of the child to have both parents actively involved in parenting the child.
- [(c)] (3) An order issued by a court pursuant to Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders, shall be considered evidence of real harm or substantiated potential harm to the child.
  - [(3) For purposes of this section through Section 30-3-37:]
- [(a) "Child" means the child or children of divorcing, separating, or adjudicated parents.]
  - [(b) Subject to Subsection (5), "Christmas school vacation" means:]
- [(i) for a single child, the time period beginning on the evening the child is released from school for the Christmas or winter school break and ending the evening before the child returns to school; and]
- [(ii) for multiple children when the children's school schedules differ, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the time period may begin on the first evening all children's schools are released for the Christmas or winter school break and end the evening before any of the children returns to school.]
- [(c) "Extended parent-time" means a period of parent-time other than a weekend, holiday as provided in Subsections 30-3-35(2)(f) and (2)(g), religious holidays as provided in Subsections 30-3-33(3) and (17), and "Christmas school vacation."]
- [(d) "Supervised parent-time" means parent-time that requires the noncustodial parent to be accompanied during parent-time by an individual approved by the court.]
  - [(e) "Surrogate care" means care by any individual other than the parent of the child.]
- [(f) "Uninterrupted time" means parent-time exercised by one parent without interruption at any time by the presence of the other parent.]
- [(g) "Virtual parent-time" means parent-time facilitated by tools such as telephone, email, instant messaging, video conferencing, and other wired or wireless technologies over the Internet or other communication media to supplement in-person visits between a noncustodial

parent and a child or between a child and the custodial parent when the child is staying with the noncustodial parent. Virtual parent-time is designed to supplement, not replace, in-person parent-time.

- (4) If a parent relocates because of an act of domestic violence or family violence by the other parent, the court shall make specific findings and orders with regards to the application of Section 30-3-37.
- [(5) A Christmas school vacation shall be divided equally as required by Section 30-3-35.]
  - Section 2. Section **30-3-35** is repealed and reenacted to read:
  - 30-3-35. Minimum schedule for parent-time for a child five to 18 years old.
- (1) As used in this section, "weekends" include any snow days, teacher development days, or other days when school is not scheduled and that are contiguous to the weekend period.
- (2) The parent-time schedule in this section applies to a child who is {older than } five {years old but younger than} to 18 years old.
- (3) If the parties do not agree to a parent-time schedule for a child described in Subsection (2), the following schedule is considered the minimum parent-time to which the noncustodial parent is entitled to the child:
- (a) (i) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court or Wednesday evening if not specified, beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
- (ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:
- (A) beginning at the time that the child's school is regularly dismissed and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
- (B) if school is not in session, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning at 9 a.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.;
- (b) (i) beginning on the first weekend after entry of the decree, alternating weekends beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending on Sunday at 7 p.m.; or
- (ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent and beginning on the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends:

- (A) beginning at the time that the child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday and ending on Sunday at 7 p.m.; or
- (B) if school is not in session, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning on Friday at 9 a.m. and ending on Sunday at 7 p.m.; { and}
- (c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule described in Subsection (<del>{12).</del>
  - (4) (a) An election should be made by 13); and
- (d) extended parent-time with the child when school is not in session for summer break in accordance with Subsection (4).
- (4) (a) For extended parent-time with the child under Subsection (3)(d) and at the election of the noncustodial parent { at the time of entry of the divorce decree or court order, except that the election may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by} the noncustodial parent {in the event of a change in the child's schedule.
- (b) An election by either parent concerning parent-time shall be made a part of the decree and made a part of the parent-time order.
- (5) A stepparent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by the noncustodial parent, may pick up the child for parent-time if the custodial parent is aware of the identity of the individual and the} is entitled up to four weeks of parent-time with the child, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break.
- (b) For the four weeks of extended parent-time for a noncustodial parent {will be with the child by 7 p.m.
- (6) (a) Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule } under Subsection ({3), except that the parent-time schedule for the child's birthday:
- (i) except as provided in Subsection (6)(a)(ii), takes precedence over any other scheduled parent-time; and
  - (ii) does not take precedence over:
- (A) Mother's Day;
- (B) Father's Day; or
- $\frac{(C)}{4}(a)$ :
  - (i) two weeks, which may be consecutive, shall be uninterrupted parent-time for

{summer break if the parent exercising} the noncustodial parent; and

- (ii) two weeks, which may be consecutive, may be interrupted by the custodial parent for a weekday visit on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday day parent-time.
- (c) A custodial parent is entitled to uninterrupted parent-time {time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted parent-time.
- (b) A parent exercising parent-time for the child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.
- (7) If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for the child's attendance at school for that school day.
- (8) If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are dismissed for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school.
- (9) (a) A parent may designate two consecutive weeks to exercise uninterrupted parent-time} with the child for two weeks, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break.
- (\{b\}5) (a) Each parent shall provide notification to the other parent of the parent's plans for the exercise of extended parent-time for summer break under Subsection (4).
  - $(\{c\}b)$  For the notification requirement under Subsection  $(\{b\}b)$ :
  - (i) in odd-numbered years:
- (A) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May {1st}1; and
- (B) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May {15th}15; and
  - (ii) in even-numbered years:
- (A) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May {1st}1; and
- (B) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May {15th} 15.

- (\{d\}c) (i) If a parent fails to provide a notification within the time periods described in Subsection (\{9\}5)(\{c\}b), the complying parent may determine the schedule for summer break for the noncomplying parent.
- (ii) If both parents fail to provide notice within the time periods described in Subsection (\{9\}5)(\{c\}b), the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule for summer break for the other parent.
- ({e) (i) A custodial parent may interrupt the additional two weeks of parent-time for summer break for a noncustodial parent to allow the custodial parent a weekday visit each week on the same day in which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday parent-time under Subsection (3)(a).
- (ii)d) If a custodial parent intends to {exercise} interrupt a noncustodial parent's parent-time under Subsection ({9}4)({e}b)({i}ii), the custodial parent shall provide notification to the noncustodial parent of the intent to {exercise the option} interrupt parent-time within 10 days {before} after the day on which the custodial parent receives notification of the noncustodial parent's plans for the exercise of interrupted extended parent-time.
- (6) (a) An election should be made by the noncustodial parent {being begins to exercise interrupted} at the time of entry of the divorce decree or court order, except that the election may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the child's schedule.
- (b) An election by either parent concerning parent-time shall be made a part of the decree and made a part of the parent-time order.
- (7) (a) Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule under this section, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:
  - (i) the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day under Subsection (13);
- (ii) the holiday schedule for the child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising uninterrupted extended parent-time under Subsection (4) and takes the child away from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;
- (iii) the holiday schedule for any holiday under Subsection (13) that is not Father's Day, Mother's Day, or the child's birthday;

- (iv) extended parent-time under Subsection (4); and
- (v) the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.
- (b) A parent exercising parent-time for <del>{summer break.</del>}
- (10) the child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.
- (8) A stepparent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by the noncustodial parent, may pick up the child for parent-time if the custodial parent is aware of the identity of the individual and the noncustodial parent will be with the child by 7 p.m.
- (9) If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for the child's attendance at school for that school day.
- (10) If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are dismissed for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school.
  - (11) (a) Telephone contact shall be at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration.
- (b) (i) Virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, shall be at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration.
- (ii) If the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration:
  - (A) the best interests of the child;
  - (B) each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and
  - (C) any other factors the court considers material.
  - (c) Virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace, in-person parent-time.
- ({11}12) If there is a child {older than } five {years old but younger than} to 18 years old and a child under five years old and both children are the natural or adopted children of the parties, the parents and the court should consider an upward deviation for parent-time with all the children so that parent-time is uniform based on a schedule {in accordance with} under this section.
  - $(\frac{12}{13})$  The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time under this section.

<u>Holiday</u>	Holiday Time Period	Years Noncustodial Parent is Granted Holiday	Years Custodial Parent is Granted Holiday
Dr. Martin	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:	Odd years	Even years
Luther King Jr.	(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session		
Day	and the parent can be with the		
	child;		
	(b) the time that school is regularly		
	dismissed; or		
	(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
	parent granted the holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
	day before school resumes.		
President's Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:	Even years	Odd years
	(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session		
	and the parent can be with the		
	child;		
	(b) the time that school is regularly		
	dismissed; or		
	(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
	parent granted the holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
	day before school resumes.		
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
	day that school dismisses for spring		
	break.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
	day before school resumes.		

Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:	Even years	Odd years
	(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session		
	and the parent can be with the		
	child;		
	(b) the time that school is regularly		
	dismissed; or		
	(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
	parent granted the holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
	day before school resumes.		
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day	All years if	All years if
	<u>at 9 a.m.</u>	noncustodial	custodial parent
	(2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day	parent is the	is the mother or
	<u>at 7 p.m.</u>	mother or other	other parent
		parent granted	granted the
		the holiday in	holiday in the
		the order.	order.
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day	All years if	All years if
	<u>at 9 a.m.</u>	noncustodial	custodial parent
	(2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at	parent is the	is the father or
	<u>7 p.m.</u>	father or other	other parent
		parent granted	granted the
		the holiday in	holiday in the
		the order.	order.
Independence	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6	Odd years	Even years
<u>Day</u>	<u>p.m.</u>		
	(2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6		
	<u>p.m.</u>		

Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6	Even years	Odd years
	<u>p.m.</u>		
	(2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6		
	<u>p.m.</u>		
<u>Labor Day</u>	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at:	Odd years	Even years
	(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session		
	and the parent can be with the		
	child;		
	(b) the time that school is regularly		
	dismissed; or		
	(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
	parent granted the holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
	day before school resumes.		
Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Even years	Odd years
	day before Columbus Day.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
	Columbus Day.		
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
	day school is dismissed for fall		
	break.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
	day before school resumes.		

<u>Halloween</u>	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st	Even years	Odd years
	or the day that Halloween is	·	
	traditionally celebrated in the local		
	community:		
	(a) at the time that school is		
	dismissed; or		
	(b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the		
	same day the holiday begins.		
Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
	day before Veterans Day.		
	( <del>{1}</del> 2) Holiday <del>{begins}</del> ends at		
	(16) 7 p.m. on Veterans Day. €		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
	Veterans Day.}		
<u>Thanksgiving</u>	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday	Even years	Odd years
	at:		
	(a) 6 p.m.; or		
	(b) the time school is regularly		
	dismissed for Thanksgiving at the		
	election of the parent granted the		
	holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
	night before school resumes.		

Winter Break	(1) Holiday begins at:	Odd years	Even years
(First Half)	(a) 6 p.m. on the day on that school		
	dismisses for winter break; or		
	(b) the time school is regularly		
	dismissed on the day that school		
	dismisses for winter break at the		
	election of the parent granted the		
	holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends on December		
	27th at 7 p.m.		
Winter Break	(1) Holiday begins on December	Even years	Odd years
(Second Half)	27th at 7 p.m.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
	night before school resumes.		
Day of Child's	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
<u>Birthday</u>	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.		
Day Before or	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
After Child's	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.		
<u>Birthday</u>			

{Summer BreakHoliday is two one-week visits of uninterrupted time when school is not in session for the summer break.

All yearsAll yearsSummer BreakHoliday is two additional one-week visits of interrupted time when school is not in session for the summer break.All yearsNever}

Section 3. Section 30-3-35.1 is repealed and reenacted to read:

#### 30-3-35.1. Optional schedule for parent-time for a child five to 18 years old.

- (1) As used in this section, "weekends" include any snow days, teacher development days, or other days when school is not scheduled and that are contiguous to the weekend period.
  - (2) (a) The optional parent-time schedule in this section applies to a child who is {older

than five fyears old but younger than to 18 years old.

- (b) The optional parent-time schedule in this section is 145 overnights.
- (c) Any impact on child support shall be consistent with joint physical custody, as defined in Section 78B-12-102.
- (3) The parents and the court may consider the increased parent-time schedule in this section as a minimum parent-time schedule when the parties agree or the noncustodial parent can demonstrate:
  - (a) the noncustodial parent has been actively involved in the child's life;
- (b) the parties can communicate effectively regarding the child or the noncustodial parent has a plan to accomplish effective communications regarding the child;
  - (c) the noncustodial parent has the ability to facilitate the increased parent-time;
  - (d) the increased parent-time would be in the best interest of the child; and
  - (e) any other factor the court considers relevant.
- (4) In determining whether a noncustodial parent has been actively involved in the child's life, the court shall consider:
  - (a) demonstrated responsibility in caring for the child;
  - (b) involvement in childcare;
  - (c) presence or volunteer efforts in the child's school and at extracurricular activities;
  - (d) assistance with the child's homework;
  - (e) involvement in preparation of meals, bath time, and bedtime for the child;
  - (f) bonding with the child; and
  - (g) any other factor the court considers relevant.
- (5) In determining whether a noncustodial parent has the ability to facilitate the increased parent-time, the court shall consider:
- (a) the geographic distance between the residences of the parents and the distance between the parents' residences and the child's school;
  - (b) the noncustodial parent's ability to assist with after school care;
- (c) the health of the child and the noncustodial parent in accordance with Subsection 30-3-10(6);
  - (d) flexibility of employment or another schedule of the noncustodial parent;
  - (e) ability to provide appropriate playtime with the child;

- (f) history and ability of the noncustodial parent to implement a flexible schedule for the child;
  - (g) physical facilities of the noncustodial parent's residence; and
  - (h) any other factor the court considers relevant.
- (6) If the parties agree or the court enters an order for the optional parent-time schedule under this section, a parenting plan in compliance with Sections 30-3-10.7 through 30-3-10.10 shall be filed with any order incorporating the optional parent-time schedule described in Subsection (7).
- (7) The following schedule is considered the optional parent-time to which the noncustodial parent is entitled to the child:
- (a) (i) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court or Wednesday evening if not specified, beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending the following day upon delivering the child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or
- (ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:
- (A) beginning at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed until the following day upon delivering the child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or
- (B) if there is no school, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning at 8 a.m. and ending on the following day upon delivering the child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school;
- (b) (i) beginning the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending on Monday upon delivering the child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or
- (ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, beginning the first weekend after the entry of the decree { and at the election of the noncustodial parent}, alternating weekends:
- (A) beginning at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday and ending on {Sunday at 7 p.m.} Monday upon delivering the child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or
- (B) if there is no school, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule, beginning on Friday at 9 a.m. and ending on {Sunday at 7 p.m.; and} Monday upon delivering the child to school or at 8 a.m. if

#### there is no school;

- (c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule described in Subsection (<del>{15).</del>
  - (8) (a) An election should be made by 16); and
- (d) extended parent-time with the child when school is not in session for summer break in accordance with Subsection (8).
- (8) (a) For extended parent-time with the child under Subsection (7)(d) and at the election of the noncustodial parent{ at the time of entry of the divorce decree or court order, except that the election may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by}, the noncustodial parent {in the event of a change in the child's schedule.
- (b) An election by either parent concerning parent-time shall be made a part of the decree and made a part of the parent-time order.
- (9) A stepparent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by the noncustodial parent, may pick up the child for parent-time if the custodial parent is aware of the identity of the individual and the} is entitled up to four weeks of parent-time with the child, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break.
- (b) For the four weeks of extended parent-time for a noncustodial parent {will be with the child by 7:00 p.m.
- (10) (a) Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule } under Subsection ({7), except that the parent-time schedule for the child's birthday:
- (i) except as provided in Subsection (10)(a)(ii), takes precedence over any other scheduled parent-time; and
- (ii) does not take precedence over:
- (A) Mother's Day;
- (B) Father's Day; or
- (C) \8)(a):
- (i) two weeks, which may be consecutive, shall be uninterrupted parent-time for {summer break if the parent exercising} the noncustodial parent; and
- (ii) two weeks, which may be consecutive, may be interrupted by the custodial parent for a weekday visit on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday day parent-time.

- (c) A custodial parent is entitled to uninterrupted parent-time {time takes the child away from that parent's residence for the uninterrupted parent-time.
- (b) A parent exercising parent-time for the child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.
- (11) If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for the child's attendance at school for that school day.
- (12) If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for the purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are dismissed for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school.
- (13) (a) A parent may designate two consecutive weeks to exercise uninterrupted parent-time} with the child for two weeks, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer break.
- (\{b\}9) (a) Each parent shall provide notification to the other parent of the parent's plans for the exercise of parent-time for summer break under Subsection (8).
  - (\{c\}b) For the notification requirement under Subsection (\{13\}9)(\{b\}a):
  - (i) in odd-numbered years:
- (A) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May {1st}1; and
- (B) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May {15th}15; and
  - (ii) in even-numbered years:
- (A) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May {1st}1; and
- (B) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May {15th} 15.
- (\fd\c) (i) If a parent fails to provide a notification within the time periods described in Subsection (\fd\frac{113}{2})(\frac{1}{12}\frac{1}{2}), the complying parent may determine the schedule for summer break for the noncomplying parent.
  - (ii) If both parents fail to provide notice within the time periods described in

Subsection (\{13\}9)(\{e\}b), the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule for summer break for the other parent.

({e) (i) A custodial parent may interrupt the additional two weeks of parent-time for summer break for a noncustodial parent to allow the custodial parent a weekday visit each week on the same day in which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday parent-time under Subsection (7)(a).

(ii)d) If a custodial parent intends to {exercise} interrupt a noncustodial parent's parent-time under Subsection ({13}8)({e}b)({i}ii), the custodial parent shall provide notification to the noncustodial parent of the intent to {exercise the option} interrupt parent-time within 10 days {before} after the day on which the custodial parent receives notification of the noncustodial parent's plans for the exercise of interrupted extended parent-time.

(10) (a) An election should be made by the noncustodial parent {being begins to exercise interrupted} at the time of entry of the divorce decree or court order, except that the election may be changed by mutual agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the child's schedule.

- (b) An election by either parent concerning parent-time shall be made a part of the decree and made a part of the parent-time order.
- (11) (a) Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule under this section, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:
  - (i) the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day under Subsection (16);
- (ii) the holiday schedule for the child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising uninterrupted extended parent-time under Subsection (8) and takes the child away from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;
- (iii) the holiday schedule for any holiday under Subsection (16) that is not Father's Day, Mother's Day, or the child's birthday;
  - (iv) extended parent-time under Subsection (8); and
  - (v) the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.
  - (b) A parent exercising parent-time for {summer break.
  - (14) the child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.

- (12) A stepparent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by the noncustodial parent, may pick up the child for parent-time if the custodial parent is aware of the identity of the individual and the noncustodial parent will be with the child by 7 p.m.
- (13) If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for the child's attendance at school for that school day.
- (14) If there is more than one child and the children's school schedules vary for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's half of the holiday, the children may remain together for the holiday period beginning the first evening that all children's schools are dismissed for the holiday and ending the evening before any child returns to school.
- (15) If there is a child {older than } five {years old but younger than} to 18 years old and a child under five years old and both children are the natural or adopted children of the parties, the parents and the court should consider an upward deviation for parent-time with all the children so that parent-time is uniform based on a schedule {in accordance with} under this section.

 $(\frac{15}{16})$  The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time under this section.

<u>Holiday</u>	<b>Holiday Time Period</b>	<u>Years</u>	<u>Years</u>
		<b>Noncustodial</b>	<u>Custodial</u>
		Parent is	Parent is
		<b>Granted</b>	<u>Granted</u>
		<u>Holiday</u>	<u>Holiday</u>

Dr. Martin	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:	Odd years	Even years
Luther King	(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session		
Jr. Day	and the parent can be with the child;		
	(b) the time that school is regularly		
	dismissed; or		
	(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
	parent granted the holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends:		
	(a) upon delivering of the child to		
	school on the day following Dr.		
	Martin Luther King Jr. Day; or		
	(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following		
	Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day if		
	there is no school.		
President's	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:	Even years	Odd years
<u>Day</u>	(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session		
	and the parent can be with the child;		
	(b) the time that school is regularly		
	dismissed; or		
	(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
	parent granted the holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends:		
	(a) upon delivering the child to		
	school on the day following		
	President's Day; or		
	(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following		
	President's Day if there is no school.		

Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
	day that school dismisses for spring		
	break.		
	(2) Holiday ends:		
	(a) upon delivering the child to		
	school on the day following the end		
	of spring break; or		
	(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following		
	the end of spring break if there is no		
	school.		
Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:	Even years	Odd years
	(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session		
	and the parent can be with the child;		
	(b) the time that school is regularly		
	dismissed; or		
	(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
	parent granted the holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends:		
	(a) upon delivering the child to		
	school on the day following		
	Memorial Day; or		
	(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following		
	Memorial Day if there is no school.		
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day	All years if	All years if
	<u>at 9 a.m.</u>	noncustodial	custodial parent
	(2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day at	parent is the	is the mother or
	7 p.m.	mother or other	other parent
		<u>parent</u>	designated in
		designated in	the order.
		the order.	

Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day	All years if	All years if
	<u>at 9 a.m.</u>	<u>noncustodial</u>	custodial parent
	(2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at	parent is the	is the father or
	<u>7 p.m.</u>	father or other	other parent
		<u>parent</u>	designated in
		designated in	the order.
		the order.	
Independence	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6	Odd years	Even years
<u>Day</u>	<u>p.m.</u>		
	(2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6		
	<u>p.m.</u>		
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6	Even years	Odd years
	<u>p.m.</u>		
	(2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6		
	<u>p.m.</u>		
<u>Labor Day</u>	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:	Odd years	Even years
	(a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session		
	and the parent can be with the child;		
	(b) the time that school is regularly		
	dismissed; or		
	(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
	parent granted the holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends:		
	(a) upon delivering the child to		
	school on the day following Labor		
	Day; or		
	(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following		
	Labor Day if there is no school.		

Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Even years	Odd years
	day before Columbus Day.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
	Columbus Day.		
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
	day school is dismissed for fall		
	break.		
	(2) Holiday ends:		
	(a) upon delivering the child to		
	school on the day following the end		
	of fall break; or		
	(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following		
	the end of fall break if there is no		
	school.		
<u>Halloween</u>	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st	Even years	Odd years
	or the day that Halloween is		
	traditionally celebrated in the local		
	community:		
	(a) at the time that school is		
	dismissed; or		
	(b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the		
	same day the holiday begins.		
Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
	day before Veterans Day.		
	( <del>{1}</del> <u>2</u> ) Holiday <del>{begins}</del> <u>ends</u> at		
	{6}7 p.m. on Veterans Day.{		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
	Veterans Day.}		

Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins on Wednesday	Even years	Odd years
	at:		
	(a) 6 p.m.; or		
	(b) the time school is regularly		
	dismissed for Thanksgiving at the		
	election of the parent granted the		
	<u>holiday.</u>		
	(2) Holiday ends:		
	(a) upon delivering the child to		
	school on the Monday following		
	Thanksgiving; or		
	(b) at 8 a.m. on the Monday		
	following Thanksgiving if there is		
	no school.		
Winter Break	(1) Holiday {beings} begins at:	Odd years	Even years
(First Half)	(a) 6 p.m.; or		
	(b) the time school is regularly		
	dismissed on the day that school		
	dismisses for winter break at the		
	election of the parent granted the		
	holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends on December 27th		
	at 7 p.m.		
Winter Break	(1) Holiday begins on December	Even years	Odd years
(Second Half)	27th at 7 p.m.		
	(2) Holiday ends upon delivering the		
	child to school on the day that		
	school resumes after the winter		
	break.		

Ē	Day of Child's	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
	<u>Birthday</u>	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.		
Į	Day Before or	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
	After Child's	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.		
	Birthday			

{Summer BreakHoliday is two one-week visits of uninterrupted time when school is not in session for the summer break.All yearsAll yearsSummer BreakHoliday is two one-week visits of interrupted time when school is not in session for the summer break.All yearsNever}

Section 4. Section 30-3-35.5 is repealed and reenacted to read:

#### 30-3-35.5. Minimum schedule for parent-time for child under five years old.

- (1) The parent-time schedule in this section applies to a child who is younger than five years old.
- (2) If the parties do not agree to a parent-time schedule, the schedules in Subsections (3) through (8) are considered the minimum parent-time to which the noncustodial parent is entitled to the child.
- (3) For a child who is younger than five months old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
  - (a) three two-hour visits every week; and
- (b) two hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in {accordance with } the holiday schedule {described in} under Subsection (15).
- (4) For a child who is at least five months old but younger than nine months old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
  - (a) three three-hour visits every week { for three hours per visit}; and
- (b) two hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in {accordance with } the holiday schedule {described in} under Subsection (15).
- (5) For a child who is at least nine months old but younger than 12 months old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to the child:
  - (a) one eight-hour visit every week;
  - (b) one three-hour visit every week; and
- (c) <u>eight hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule {described in} under Subsection (15).</u>

- (6) For a child who is at least 12 months old but younger than 18 months old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
  - (a) one three-hour visit every week { for three hours};
- (b) one eight-hour visit on alternating weekends to be specified by the noncustodial parent or court;
- (c) an overnight visit on opposite weekends from Subsection (6)(b) beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at noon on Saturday; and
- (d) <u>eight hours for each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in {accordance with</u>} the holiday schedule {described in} under Subsection (15).
- (7) For a child who is at least 18 months old but younger than three years old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
  - (a) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:
  - (i) beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
- (ii) if the child is being cared for during the day outside the child's regular place of residence and with advance notice to the custodial parent, beginning at the time that the child is picked up from the caregiver and ending at 8:30 p.m.;
- (b) beginning on the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at 7 p.m. on Sunday;
- (c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule described in Subsection (15); and
- (d) <u>extended parent-time for two one-week periods</u>, separated by at least four weeks, at the option of the noncustodial parent, as follows:
  - (i) one week of uninterrupted {time} parent-time for the noncustodial parent; and
- (ii) one week of <u>{time} interrupted parent-time</u> where the custodial parent may have an equal amount of weekday parent-time as the noncustodial parent on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday parent-time under Subsection (7)(a).
- (8) For a child who is at least three years old but younger than five years old, the noncustodial parent is entitled to:
  - (a) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court:
  - (i) beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending at 8:30 p.m.; or
  - (ii) if the child is being cared for during the day outside the child's regular place of

- residence and with advance notice to the custodial parent, beginning at the time that the child is picked up from the caregiver and ending at 8:30 p.m.;
- (b) beginning on the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending at 7 p.m. on Sunday;
- (c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday schedule described in Subsection (15); and
- (d) <u>extended parent-time for two {one-week} two-week</u> periods, separated by at least four weeks, at the option of the noncustodial parent, as follows:
- (i) {one week} two weeks of uninterrupted {time} parent-time, which may be consecutive, for the noncustodial parent; and
- (ii) {one week} two weeks of {time} interrupted parent-time, which may be consecutive, where the custodial parent may have an equal amount of weekday parent-time as the noncustodial parent on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted weekday parent-time under Subsection (8)(a).
- (9) For a child who is at least 18 months old but younger than five years old, the custodial parent is entitled to one week of {interrupted} uninterrupted extended parent-time{for vacation}.
- (10) (a) For a child who is nine months old or older, the noncustodial parent shall have at least two times a week:
  - (i) brief telephone contact at reasonable hours and for a reasonable duration; and
- (ii) virtual parent-time, if the equipment is reasonably available and the parents reside at least 100 miles apart, at reasonable hours and for reasonable duration.
- (b) If the parties cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably available, taking into consideration:
  - (i) the best interests of the child;
  - (ii) each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and
  - (iii) any other factors the court considers material.
  - (c) Virtual parent-time supplements, but does not replace, in-person parent-time.
- (11) For a child who is younger than nine months old, unless the parents agree otherwise, parent-time should take place in the home of the custodial parent, an established

child-care setting, or other environment familiar to the child.

- (12) (a) Changes may not be made to {a} the parent-time schedule under {Subsections}
  (3) through (8)} this section, except that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the
  following order of precedence shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to
  parent-time:
  - (i) the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day under Subsection (15);
  - (ii) the holiday schedule for the child's birthday f:
- (i) except as provided in Subsection (12)(a)(ii), takes precedence over any other scheduled parent-time; and
  - (ii) does not take precedence over:
  - (A) Mother's Day;
  - (B) Father's Day; or
- (C) uninterrupted parent-time for summer break if the parent}, unless a parent is exercising uninterrupted extended parent-time {time} under Subsection (7)(d), (8)(d), or (9) and takes the child away from that parent's residence {for} during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;
- (iii) the holiday schedule for any holiday under Subsection (15) that is not Father's Day, Mother's Day, or the child's birthday;
  - (iv) extended parent-time under Subsection (7)(d), (8)(d), or (9); and
  - (v) the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.
- (b) A parent exercising parent-time for the child's birthday may bring other siblings along for the child's birthday.
- (13) If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time shall be responsible for the child's attendance at school for that school day.
- (14) A parent shall notify the other parent at least 30 days in advance of the parent's plans for the exercise of extended parent-time under Subsection (7)(d), (8)(d), or (9).
  - (15) The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time under this section.

<u>Holiday</u>	Holiday Time Period	<u>Years</u>	<u>Years</u>
		<b>Noncustodial</b>	<u>Custodial</u>
		Parent is	Parent is
		<u>Granted</u>	<b>Granted</b>
		<u>Holiday</u>	<u>Holiday</u>
Dr. Martin	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at:	Odd years	Even years
Luther King	(a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available to		
<u>Jr. Day</u>	be with the child; or		
	(b) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
	parent granted the holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Dr.		
	Martin Luther King Jr. Day.		
President's	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at:	Even years	Odd years
<u>Day</u>	(a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available to		
	be with the child; or		
	(b) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
	parent granted the holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
	President's Day.		
Spring Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
	day that school dismissed for spring		
	break.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
	day before school resumes.		

Memorial Day	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at:	Even years	Odd years
	(a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available to		
	be with the child; or		
	(b) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
	parent granted the holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
	Memorial Day.		
Mother's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Mother's Day	All years if	All years if
	<u>at 9 a.m.</u>	noncustodial	custodial parent
	(2) Holiday ends on Mother's Day	parent is the	is the mother or
	at 7 p.m.	mother or other	other parent
		<u>parent</u>	designated in
		designated in	the order.
		the order.	
Father's Day	(1) Holiday begins on Father's Day	All years if	All years if
	<u>at 9 a.m.</u>	<u>noncustodial</u>	custodial parent
	(2) Holiday ends on Father's Day at	parent is the	is the father or
	<u>7 p.m.</u>	father or other	other parent
		<u>parent</u>	designated in
		designated in	the order.
		the order.	
<u>Independence</u>	(1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6	Odd years	Even years
<u>Day</u>	<u>p.m.</u>		
	(2) Holiday ends on July 5th at 6		
	<u>p.m.</u>		
Pioneer Day	(1) Holiday begins on July 23rd at 6	Even years	Odd years
	<u>p.m.</u>		
	(2) Holiday ends on July 25th at 6		
	<u>p.m.</u>		

Labor Day	(1) Holiday begins on Friday at:	Odd years	Even years
<u> </u>	(a) 9 a.m. if the parent is available to	<u>oud yours</u>	<u>Even years</u>
	•		
	be with the child; or		
	(b) 6 p.m. at the election of the		
	parent granted the holiday.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Labor		
	<u>Day.</u>		
Columbus Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Even years	Odd years
	day before Columbus Day.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
	Columbus Day.		
Fall Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
	day school is dismissed for fall		
	break.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 <del>{:00}</del> p.m. on		
	the day before school resumes.		
<u>Halloween</u>	(1) Holiday begins on October 31st	Even years	Odd years
	or the day that Halloween is		
	traditionally celebrated in the local		
	community:		
	(a) at the time that school is		
	dismissed; or		
	(b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the		
	same day the holiday begins.		

Veterans Day	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
Veteralis Day		Odd years	Even years
	day before Veterans Day.		
	( <del>{1}2</del> ) Holiday <del>{begins}</del> ends at		
	$\frac{\{6\}}{7}$ p.m. on Veterans Day.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on		
	Veterans Day.}		
Thanksgiving	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Even years	Odd years
	day that school dismisses for		
	Thanksgiving.		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on day		
	before school resumes.		
Winter Break	(1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the	Odd years	Even years
(First Half)	day on that school dismisses for		
	winter break.		
	(2) Holiday ends on December 27th		
	<u>at 7<del>{:00}</del> p.m.</u>		
Winter Break	(1) Holiday begins on December	Even years	Odd years
(Second Half)	27th at 7 p.m. <del>{ }</del>		
	(2) Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on the		
	night before school resumes.		
Day of Child's	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.	Even years	Odd years
<u>Birthday</u>	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.		
Day Before or	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
After Child's	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.		
Birthday			